

Visit any of our store locations to discuss your plant selections with one of our lawn & garden experts!

Brookfield 14845 W Capitol Drive (262) 783-2323

Mequon

Milwaukee 5400 S. 27th Street (414) 761-5400

West Bend 10850 N Port Washington 601 Wildwood Road (262) 241-2121 (262) 338-5252

Kenosha 6300 Green Bay Road (262) 605-0280

Germantown W184 N9676 Appleton (262) 253-1147

Wauwatosa 12217 Watertown Plank 3725 S. 108th Street (414) 763-6599

Appleton 4860 W Wisconsin Ave (920) 735-7777

Oconomowoc 1570 Unity Drive (262) 560-4191

Greenfield (414) 328-5600

Oshkosh 300 S. Koeller Street (920) 426-6300

Bellevue 2727 Eaton Road (920) 884-2255

Waukesha 2220 E Moreland Blvd (262) 797-7070

Green Bay 980 Waube Lane (920) 339-2200

Kimberly 710 Cobblestone Lane (920) 687-5013

Racine 6626 Washington Ave (262) 886-7900

Big Bend S71 W23445 National (262) 662-5800



Spring Fever® Red Poppy Papaver nudicaule 'Spring Fever Red'

Plant Height: 8 inches

Flower Height: 12 inches

Spread: 12 inches

Spacing: 9 inches

Sunlight: O

Hardiness Zone: 2

Other Names: Iceland Poppy, Arctic Poppy

Group/Class: Spring Fever Series

Description:

This fast growing variety has great flower power, producing volumes of stunning, long lasting scarlet-red blooms; beautiful massed as a border planting

Ornamental Features

Spring Fever Red Poppy features bold scarlet round flowers with yellow centers at the ends of the stems from mid spring to early fall. The flowers are excellent for cutting. Its tomentose ferny leaves remain grayish green in color throughout the season.

Landscape Attributes

Spring Fever Red Poppy is an open herbaceous perennial with tall flower stalks held atop a low mound of foliage. It brings an extremely fine and delicate texture to the garden composition and should be used to full effect.

This plant will require occasional maintenance and upkeep. Trim off the flower heads after they fade and die to encourage more blooms late into the season. Deer don't particularly care for this plant and will usually leave it alone in favor of tastier treats. Gardeners should be aware of the following characteristic(s) that may warrant special consideration;

- Self-Seeding



Spring Fever Red Poppy flowers Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



Visit any of our store locations to discuss your plant selections with one of our lawn & garden experts!

Brookfield	Milwaukee	Wauwatosa	Greenfield	Waukesha	Racine
14845 W Capitol Drive	5400 S. 27th Street	12217 Watertown Plank	3725 S. 108th Street	2220 E Moreland Blvd	6626 Washington Ave
(262) 783-2323	(414) 761-5400	(414) 763-6599	(414) 328-5600	(262) 797-7070	(262) 886-7900
Mequon	West Bend	Appleton	Oshkosh	Green Bay	Big Bend
10850 N Port Washington	601 Wildwood Road	4860 W Wisconsin Ave	300 S. Koeller Street	980 Waube Lane	S71 W23445 National
(262) 241-2121	(262) 338-5252	(920) 735-7777	(920) 426-6300	(920) 339-2200	(262) 662-5800
Kenosha 6300 Green Bay Road (262) 605-0280	Germantown W184 N9676 Appleton (262) 253-1147	Oconomowoc 1570 Unity Drive (262) 560-4191 commended for the foll	Bellevue 2727 Eaton Road (920) 884-2255	Kimberly 710 Cobblestone Lane (920) 687-5013	

- Mass Planting
- Rock/Alpine Gardens
- General Garden Use

Planting & Growing

Spring Fever Red Poppy will grow to be about 8 inches tall at maturity extending to 12 inches tall with the flowers, with a spread of 12 inches. When grown in masses or used as a bedding plant, individual plants should be spaced approximately 9 inches apart. It grows at a fast rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 3 years. As an herbaceous perennial, this plant will usually die back to the crown each winter, and will regrow from the base each spring. Be careful not to disturb the crown in late winter when it may not be readily seen! As this plant tends to go dormant in summer, it is best interplanted with late-season bloomers to hide the dying foliage.

This plant does best in full sun to partial shade. It prefers dry to average moisture levels with very well-drained soil, and will often die in standing water. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution, and will benefit from being planted in a relatively sheltered location. Consider covering it with a thick layer of mulch in winter to protect it in exposed locations or colder microclimates. This is a selection of a native North American species.