

Visit any of our store locations to discuss your plant selections with one of our lawn & garden experts!

Brookfield

14845 W Capitol Drive (262) 783-2323

Milwaukee

West Bend

5400 S. 27th Street (414) 761-5400

Wauwatosa

Appleton

(414) 763-6599

Greenfield

12217 Watertown Plank 3725 S. 108th Street (414) 328-5600

Waukesha

Green Bay

2220 E Moreland Blvd (262) 797-7070

Racine

6626 Washington Ave (262) 886-7900

Big Bend

S71 W23445 National

Mequon

10850 N Port Washington 601 Wildwood Road (262) 241-2121 (262) 338-5252

4860 W Wisconsin Ave (920) 735-7777

Oshkosh

300 S. Koeller Street (920) 426-6300

980 Waube Lane (920) 339-2200

(262) 662-5800

Kenosha 6300 Green Bay Road

(262) 605-0280

Germantown W184 N9676 Appleton (262) 253-1147

Oconomowoc

1570 Unity Drive (262) 560-4191

Bellevue

2727 Eaton Road (920) 884-2255

Kimberly

710 Cobblestone Lane (920) 687-5013



Golden Corydalis Corydalis lutea

Height: 12 inches Spread: 12 inches

Sunlight:

Hardiness Zone: 3

Other Names: Fumitory



Golden Corydalis in bloom Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Description:

A beautiful, easy to grow selection that presents mounds of light green foliage with sunshine yellow flowers in mid spring; summertime dormant in hot areas, but will continue to bloom into the fall in cooler areas; great for borders or beds

Ornamental Features

Golden Corydalis has spikes of yellow trumpet-shaped flowers rising above the foliage from mid spring to early fall, which are interesting on close inspection. Its compound leaves remain light green in color throughout the season.

Landscape Attributes

Golden Corydalis is an herbaceous perennial with a more or less rounded form. It brings an extremely fine and delicate texture to the garden composition and should be used to full effect.



Golden Corydalis flowers Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



Visit any of our store locations to discuss your plant selections with one of our lawn & garden experts!

Brookfield 14845 W Capitol Drive (262) 783-2323

Milwaukee 5400 S. 27th Street (414) 761-5400

12217 Watertown Plank 3725 S. 108th Street (414) 763-6599

Wauwatosa

Greenfield (414) 328-5600

2220 E Moreland Blvd (262) 797-7070

Waukesha

Racine 6626 Washington Ave (262) 886-7900

Mequon 10850 N Port Washington 601 Wildwood Road (262) 241-2121

West Bend (262) 338-5252 Appleton 4860 W Wisconsin Ave (920) 735-7777

Oshkosh 300 S. Koeller Street (920) 426-6300

Green Bay 980 Waube Lane (920) 339-2200

Big Bend S71 W23445 National (262) 662-5800

Kenosha 6300 Green Bay Road (262) 605-0280

Germantown W184 N9676 Appleton (262) 253-1147

Oconomowoc 1570 Unity Drive (262) 560-4191

Bellevue 2727 Eaton Road (920) 884-2255

Kimberly 710 Cobblestone Lane (920) 687-5013

This plant will require occasional maintenance and upkeep, and should be cut back in late fall in preparation for winter. Deer don't particularly care for this plant and will usually leave it alone in favor of tastier treats. Gardeners should be aware of the following characteristic(s) that may warrant special consideration;

Self-Seeding

Golden Corydalis is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Rock/Alpine Gardens
- Border Edging
- Naturalizing And Woodland Gardens



Golden Corydalis in bloom Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Planting & Growing

Golden Corydalis will grow to be about 12 inches tall at maturity, with a spread of 12 inches. Its foliage tends to remain dense right to the ground, not requiring facer plants in front. It grows at a medium rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 5 years. As an herbaceous perennial, this plant will usually die back to the crown each winter, and will regrow from the base each spring. Be careful not to disturb the crown in late winter when it may not be readily seen!

This plant does best in partial shade to shade. It prefers to grow in average to moist conditions, and shouldn't be allowed to dry out. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is quite intolerant of urban pollution, therefore inner city or urban streetside plantings are best avoided, and will benefit from being planted in a relatively sheltered location. Consider applying a thick mulch around the root zone in winter to protect it in exposed locations or colder microclimates. This species is not originally from North America.